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TENSION GRIPS TRIESTE Mass Demonstrations Expected Soon

War With Russia Not Inevitable

Washington, March 3.
Mr. Averil Harriman, former United States Ambassador to the Soviet Union, when asked if he believed war with Russia to be inevitable replied to-night: "I most certainly do not, but it depends principally on her."
He was speaking to Quentin Reynolds, the noted American radio commentator, who was interviewing him over a national-wide broadcast.
"There will be no war if we, as a country, remain strong," said Mr. Harriman. —Reuter.

Criticism Of Britain By Soviet Paper

MOSCOW, MARCH 3.
THE BRITISH LABOUR GOVERNMENT HAS DISILLUSIONED "THE DEMOCRATIC PEOPLES OF THE EAST," SAYS THE SOVIET PERIODICAL "NEW TIMES" IN A SEVERE CRITICISM OF BRITISH FOREIGN POLICY. THE PAPER ACCUSES THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT OF SUPPORTING REACTIONARY ELEMENTS ATTEMPTING TO HINDER THE GROWTH OF DEMOCRATIC PRINCIPLES AND TRYING TO SUPPRESS THE MOVEMENTS FOR NATIONAL LIBERATION IN THE MIDDLE EAST, INDIA, INDONESIA AND SUPPORTING GENERAL FRANCO, WLADYSLAW AND ANDERS.

The article attacked the British policy in Indonesia and Greece, describing conditions in the latter country as "unbelievable chaos."

"In European countries where people liberated from Fascist tyranny are building a new life on democratic lines, British policy stubbornly strives to hinder this progressive development, clinging to dying forms of social order and supporting dying movements and groups," the article says.

The writer asserts that British foreign policy, according to its critics, "in a number of ways violate the rights of small peoples and the independence and sovereignty of individual countries."

"The participation of England in the liberative war against Fascism considerably raised England's prestige. But this valuable capital could be quickly lost. The present course of British policy does not respond to democratic hopes of the people and leads to further sharpening of the difficulties that the British Empire is experiencing. This is confirmed by recent events in many parts of the world—particularly, India, Egypt, Palestine and Indonesia."

HINDERING LIBERATION

"Using its armed forces and its international weight, Britain is hindering the liberation of the Indonesian people from suppression by Dutch imperialism, which is economically and politically so tightly connected with Britain.... The British policy in Greece was condemned by the press and in Parliament during the days of the Coalition Government. In spite of this, the Labour Government is continuing the same course. Unbelievable chaos has been reigning in Greece."

British foreign policy, according to its critics, "in a number of ways violate the rights of small peoples and the independence and sovereignty of individual countries," as well as being "unprofitable for England in the present circumstances from the point of view of her interests as a world power."

Attempts to justify Mr. Bevin's actions by blaming the unchained diplomatic corps are "not convincing," he says, and proceeds to cite the statement attributed to a Conservative Member of Parliament that "since the Labour Government came to power in Britain, our relations with Russia have become many times worse."
"Millions of people in the democratic countries, who were counting on finding firm support for their striving for the establishment of a long-lasting period of firm peace in the international policy of the Labour Government have suffered a cruel disillusionment. The present course of British policy does not respond to the democratic hopes of the peoples." —Reuter.

MANCHURIAN POWER CO. IN SOVIET HANDS

Chungking, March 3.
A semi-official dispatch from Changchun reports that a Red Army officer, believed to be newly arrived from Moscow, suddenly seized the Manchuria Electric Corporation (which controls the whole electric power system of Manchuria), on February 27.

The dispatch quoted the Russian officer as telling high officials of the Corporation that he had been appointed by Marshal Romion V. Malinovsky, Commander of the Soviet Manchurian forces, to take over control of the Corporation.

The officer is reported to have named Cheng Pei-jing, a member of the Corporation's Board of Directors, Vice-President. —Associated Press.

Reuter quotes the Central News Agency as the source of the report, and says the officer's instructions were "to act as President of the Corporation."

Dukhobors Vote To Keep Clothes On

WINNIPEG, MARCH 3.
THE DUKHOBOR CHILDREN ARE GOING TO SCHOOL.
WHAT'S MORE THEIR PARENTS HAVE DECIDED THE CHILDREN WILL ATTEND CANADA'S PUBLIC SCHOOLS WITH THEIR CLOTHES ON AND THAT THERE WILL BE NO MORE NUDE PARADES IN PROTEST AGAINST THE DOMINION LAW WHICH MAKES SCHOOL ATTENDANCE COMPULSORY.

Thus a dispute which began soon after the Dukhobors entered Canada late in the last century appears to be settled. The Dukhobors, a religious group which was founded about 200 years ago in Russia, were opposed to public school education and refused to comply with the law. Canadian officials insisted, however, and when the group steadfastly refused to respond, the Government began imposing fines.

Countering this strategy, the Dukhobors started their nudist parades, with men, women and children marching through the streets of towns in western Canada without clothing.

UNO Commission Awaited

TRIESTE, MAR. 3.
EXPECTATION AND APPREHENSION PERVADES TRIESTE AND THE DISPUTED TERRITORY OF VENEZIA GIULIA AS THE PEOPLE AWAIT THE VISIT OF THE UNITED NATIONS COMMISSION REGARDING THE SETTLEMENT OF THE YUGOSLAV-ITALIAN BOUNDARY TROUBLES.
THE LEADERS OF THE CONFLICTING GROUPS ARE PREPARED FOR A FORCEFUL PRESENTATION OF THEIR VIEWS AND THE ARRIVAL OF THE COMMISSION IS EXPECTED TO SET OFF MASS DEMONSTRATIONS BY ALL FACTIONS.

The situation in Trieste itself is further intensified by the presence in the city of a number of refugees who have fled from Yugoslavia, by reports of the Yugoslav press and radio and by occasional acts of political violence.

There is good reason why the United Nations should consider as one of their major problems the elongated triangle of land called "Julian March" lying athwart the Italo-Yugoslav frontier with its upper angle pointed jutting deeply into the sea lanes of the Adriatic.

POPULATION DIVIDED

Approximately one-third of the area of the disputed land consisting mainly of the city of Trieste and rail and road communications into Central Europe is under Anglo-American control.

Active Trieste groups are divided among those who want the whole incorporated into Marshal Tito's republic of Yugoslavia; those who want Italy, which gained the territory from the old Austro-Hungarian Empire after the first world war, to keep it; and a group of middle class Triesteans who hope for autonomy under a United Nations guarantee of security. —Associated Press.

TROOPS REINFORCED

Trieste, March 3.
Authoritative sources here state that the Yugoslav divisions all along the Yugoslav Line—separating the Yugoslav occupied territory from the Anglo-American occupied territory—have been augmented during the last three weeks by between four and ten divisions with some armor and guns.

These troops have been brought right up to the Morgan Line and the official Belgrade assertion that they are replacements is discounted here in the very fact that whole "praetorian" battalions are among them. Proletarian divisions consist of partisans who have been incorporated into divisions and become leading battalions.

Similar battalions are used to

man the Yugoslav and Greek Macedonian frontier—men who have fought as partisans inside Greek Macedonia and have come over to Yugoslavia.

The reasons for these Yugoslav concentrations are held to be twofold. Either they are intended to strengthen the hand of the paid agitators working among the Slovene villagers to convert the unconverted to Marshal Tito's frontier claims or they are being held in reserve to support risings in the three main towns of Gorizia, Trieste and Pola.

SERIOUS VIEW

The most serious view is taken here not only of these concentrations but of the concurrent development during the last three weeks' radio and press campaign in Belgrade and Ljubiana against the Allied Military Government and in particular against British soldiers.

It is felt that the whole plan is being systematically developed by which not only the Venetian and Giulia police but British soldiers might be involved in incidents so as to provide pretext for rising.

Allied reinforcements are urgently needed, it is pointed out, to meet every emergency and forestall any attempts at vengeance and reprisals not only on Italians but on Slovenes. —Reuter.

MASS GRAVE OF P.W.'S IN FORMOSA

Shanghai, March 3.
The United States Army search team has found the bodies of more than 200 American prisoners of war dumped in a lonely unmarked grave in Formosa, the China Theatre Search Detachment reported to-day.

The prisoners are reported to have died in Allied bombing attacks on Japanese transports hauling them from Manila to Japan.

Approximately 80 bodies of the 460 army, navy and airman reported missing in the Formosa area have been recovered. Some may have fallen into the sea and others been captured by the Japanese and subsequently released.

Hope of finding any lost American personnel alive in Formosa has been virtually abandoned, the search team reported. —Associated Press.

FRENCH SHAVE GIRL'S HEAD

Saigon, March 3.
French soldiers last night shaved the head of a French girl belonging to one of the Women's National Services and paraded her through Saigon, capital of French Indo-China, with her hands tied behind her back, because she had signed a statement demanding the immediate ending of hostilities in French Indo-China and recognition of the Nationalist Party—Yueh Ming—as a government, according to a French News Agency report.

The statement was signed by prominent French Leftists and appeared in the Annamite Socialist paper "Tonkin" on Feb. 10.

Atom Case

Ottawa, March 3.
A Cabinet Minister leaving on a usual Saturday morning session of the Cabinet said in connection with the inquiry on the recent espionage arrests: "We hope there will be a quite important announcement on Monday."
The Minister, who said he would prefer to remain anonymous, said he could not elaborate on his statement. He said yesterday morning's session of the Cabinet had resulted from "a natural desire to clear the thing away as quickly as possible." —Associated Press.

Greenwich Does'nt Want The U.N.O.

GREENWICH, MAR. 3.
CITIZENS OF THIS VICINITY VOTED IN A SPECIAL TOWN REFERENDUM AGAINST ESTABLISHMENT OF UNITED NATIONS HEADQUARTERS HERE BY 450 TO 209.

New York, March 3.
A. D. K. Owen, Assistant to the Secretary-General of U.N.O., declined to comment on the Greenwich referendum results.

"It would not be right for me to comment on the private affairs of the Greenwich citizens," he said: "They are exercising their obvious rights to express their views clearly. I would like to say, however, that when the Commission of the United Nations Organization arrives it will be able to express our point of view much more clearly than it has been possible to do, and that it undoubtedly will take into account the views and opinions of any people who are likely to be affected by its activities."

In Washington, Representative Clare Booth Luce, Connecticut Republican, said that she will urge the Site Committee to consider the location here. "They will be more welcome here" than at Greenwich. She will also urge consideration of Geneva as an interim site. —Associated Press.

Cairo Strike Expected

Cairo, Mar. 3.
The National Committee has planned a general strike throughout Egypt to-morrow in honor of the persons killed on February 21 in anti-British riots here. The Committee includes students, laborers and members of various organizations.

Schools, shops, factories, newspapers and communications offices plan to close. Memorial services will be held in mosques and churches. Premier Ismail Sidki has warned the nation against any violations of his orders against demonstrations. —Associated Press.

SEX HORMONES MAY CHECK CANCER

NEW YORK, MARCH 3.
DR. ALBERT HEMMING, WRITING IN THE MAGAZINE, "LIBERTY," SAYS SEX HORMONES ARE PROVING "THE ONE CHEMICAL WEAPON OF ANY VALUE" IN TREATING CANCER.

Dr. Hemming explains that the male and female sex hormones seem in some ways antagonistic to one another in the human body.

He says use of hormones in such treatment is particularly valuable where cancer is present in a sexual organ.

When cancer of the breast develops in a woman, for instance, Dr. Hemming says, grave harm may result because the female sex hormone which by its presence originally stimulated growth of the breast seems to stimulate the malignant growth as powerfully as it does the breast itself.

"But if male sex hormone is injected," he continues, "it seems to counteract the female hormone and by so doing slows down the growth of the tumor."

LONDON, PARIS HIT BY BLIZZARDS

LONDON, MAR. 3.
THE METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE PREDICTED MORE SNOW OVER AREAS OF ENGLAND, FRANCE AND GERMANY AFTER BLIZZARDS ALREADY HAD HEAVED HIGH IN PARIS THE HEAVIEST SNOWFALL IN THE CITY'S RECORDED HISTORY.
ALL NORTH-EASTERN FRANCE, NORTH-WESTERN GERMANY, WESTERN IRELAND AND PARTS OF SOUTHERN ENGLAND, INCLUDING EAST ANGLIA AND THE SOUTH-WESTERN AND EASTERN MIDLANDS, WERE WITHIN THE STORM AREA. RAIN, SNOW AND SLEET TIED UP TRAFFIC, AND GALES IN SOME AREAS DRIFTED THE SNOW TO DEPTHS OF TWO FEET OR MORE.

At Dover it was nearly a foot deep—and still falling. People living in villages around Dover, who usually go into the town to do their Saturday shopping, were marooned.
London had several snow showers during the day, but the snow melted quickly on the ground.

After its unusually mild winter, Paris got 20 inches of snow in two days and nights. Rail and lorry traffic was reduced to the vanishing point, preventing produce merchants from bringing more than 60 per cent of their usual supply of food into the city.

Temperatures in Paris at midday ran to seven degrees below freezing, making passage through the slushy streets more difficult. Motor cars and buses crawled cautiously, many of them breaking down under the combined strain of heavy loads and bad traction.

SHIP CAUGHT

Passenger traffic at Orly field was shut down under snow and the absence of plows to clear it. Passenger trains coming into the city were halted for hours.

The snow and gale caught the "Ria de Corne," Spanish steamer of 1,500 tons, near the Goodwin Sands. The vessel, riding 30-foot waves, reported herself in distress, with lifeboats swept away. —Associated Press.

SKIING IN PARIS

Paris, March 3.
Skiers were to-day making impromptu runs on the slopes of Montmartre in Paris in the greatest snowstorm in the Paris area or 74 years. The snowstorm this evening showed little signs of abating.

Most of the roads into Paris are impassable and railway lines are blocked. Although some trains have been able to get through they have been hours late and held up and prevented thousands of Parisians from getting to their work.

No vegetables or milk have arrived in the city during the past 24 hours, and tinned milk is being distributed to children and babies.

Meat and bread, which are normally brought into Paris daily, have failed to arrive and the city's stocks of frozen meat and flour are being used instead. —Reuter.

Mr. Churchill

Washington, March 3.
Mr. Winston Churchill arrived here to-day from Florida and will stay at the British Embassy. He is leaving to-morrow for Fulton, Missouri, where he is expected to deliver an important speech on Tuesday. Sharing the platform with him will be President Truman. —Reuter.

CANADIAN SCIENTIST DETAINED

Montreal, March 3.
The Canadian Association of Scientists said to-day it had learned that "an eminent Canadian scientist" was among the persons being detained in connection with the Government's espionage investigation.
The association asserted it had "complete confidence in the innocence of this man" and protested "the manner of his arrest and his subsequent treatment." It demanded he be allowed immediate access to counsel.

The statement said the scientist was a member of the association and a man "who worked tirelessly and effectively throughout the war in scientific service of his country."

The association expressed the feeling that "the extraordinary manner in which this whole matter has been handled is, we feel, incompatible with Canadian justice, and we urge all those detained, both scientists and others, be given an immediate opportunity of defending themselves by the normal just processes of Canadian law." —Associated Press.

More Light On Yalta

Washington, Mar. 3.
The State Department to-day denied reports of the existence of a secret agreement handing over to Russia Soviet nationals who fought for the Axis.

The reports said that at Yalta in February, 1945, the United States and Britain agreed to turn over to the Russians all nationals from any part of existing Soviet territory who served with enemy forces.

The State Department declaration said that the only agreement on such a subject was a military one published after the Yalta Conference. This provided for the return to the Soviet of all citizens domiciled in the Soviet Union before December, 1939, who were guilty of war crimes or who had been fighting against Russia or who were in Russian uniform but could not prove discharge from the Russian Army.

This agreement, the State Department added, did not cover the return to Russia of citizens from territory such as the part of Poland incorporated into the Soviet after 1939—a point which was reported to be included in the Allied secret pact. It also did not include returning White Russians to the Soviet Union. —Reuter.

THE WEATHER

To-day's forecast: — Cloudy with fair periods; easterly winds.
Yesterday's temperature: — Maximum—63.8 degrees at 4 p.m.
Minimum—37.9 degrees at 8 a.m.
Rainfall—0.175 inches.

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Germany Still A Grave Danger

(By Dewitt Mackenzie).

FRANKFURT, MAR. 3. GERMANY IS SO BADLY SMASHED THAT SHE WOULD BE PHYSICALLY INCAPABLE OF MAKING WAR AGAIN FOR MANY YEARS, EVEN IF SHE WERE ALLOWED TO GO HER OWN WAY UNHINDERED. BUT SHE IS NOT A DEFEATED COUNTRY MENTALLY. HOWEVER, THE VERY FACT THAT THE COUNTRY IS SMASHED CREATES A VERY GRAVE DANGER FOR THE UNITED NATIONS. THIS IS THAT THE ALLIES MAY BE LULLED INTO A FEELING OF FALSE SECURITY AND RELAX THEIR JOINT DETERMINATION TO REMAIN IN CONTROL IN GERMANY UNTIL IT IS CLEAR THAT ITS PEOPLE HAVE BEEN REFORMED.

The transformation of the German people into a peace-loving people will involve a very long period of re-education and military occupation. There is a feeling of uncertainty in the American zone, a feeling that the United States public is weakening in its determination to occupy Germany until peace is established in Europe.

The wholesale readjustment of the balance of power in Europe has cast America in the role of a friendly mediator between Russia and Britain. Should American public opinion result in our abandonment of the original plan of occupation in Germany, it would create a vacuum in the Reich that would necessarily have to be filled by another power and that would produce a whirlwind.

MENTALLY UNCHANGED

As for the general situation in Germany, food, coal and transport are the three main bottlenecks. It is disgusting to see the German wearing far better clothes than the folk in the countries which were occupied, or even in England. The German military stripped most of the conquered countries and sent home so much wearing apparel that many German families have been left with enough to last for years.

Among other things in the schools, little folk are no longer being taught Nazism and militarism in the classroom. What they may still be taught at home by Nazi minded fathers and mothers is another question and one which is causing the Allies serious thought.

A point which stands out clearly as a warning to the Allies is that while the German people are chastened by their beating, their natures have not yet been changed. Mentally, they are the same people who provided Hitler fertile soil for the seeds of aggression.—Associated Press.

Post Office Delegation

Hong Kong postmen and postal clerks have appointed a five-member delegation to interview the Postmaster-General to-day in connection with their recent request for higher pay and improved working conditions.

The men are dissatisfied that so far no reply has been received to their request after workers in public utilities and other concerns have had their pay revised in line with increased living costs; and they are pressing for an immediate reply.

Rice Reaches Canton

Over 1,000 bags of U.N.R.R.A. rice have arrived in Canton since Feb. 27, and these will be made available for sale to the public in the course of a couple of days, after unloading and clearance have been completed.

This information was revealed from enquiries at the Canton Office of U.N.R.R.A. which added that this is the first instalment of a total of 9,000 odd bags destined for Canton, only a small portion of which is to be sent to Kwangsi.

Some \$20,000 worth of silk material was stolen from the Mecca Silk Store, 9, D'Aquila Street, on Saturday night. The burglar actually effected an entry by means of a hole in the back wall of the shop. A cash register containing about \$400 was also stolen.

The down train from Canton yesterday brought no passengers, as it was requisitioned by the military authorities for the transport of troops to Kowloon.

Man Who Saw Hitler Die

HERTFORD, MARCH 3. BRITISH INTELLIGENCE OFFICERS, WORKING ON A NEW BLUE, HAVE STARTED AN INTENSIVE SEARCH FOR S.S. GUARDS WHO WITNESSED THE SUICIDE OF HITLER AND EVA BRAUN.

Information was gained in the examination of Hitler's air-force adjutant Colonel Nikolaus von Below who escaped from the Reichschancellery bunker on April 29 shortly before Berlin fell.

Von Below said he met a bodyguard on May 6 and the bodyguard said that Hitler and Eva Braun committed suicide on the afternoon of April 30. Hitler shot himself and Eva Braun took poison. Afterwards Hitler's bodyguards burned the two bodies.

Von Below said this bodyguard had escaped from the bunker on May 1. Intelligence officers have obtained his name and identification.—Associated Press.

A public subscription campaign for the relief of distress in China's famine-stricken provinces of Hunan, Hupeh, Honan, Kiangsi, where it is reported that millions are facing starvation, has been inaugurated by the "Wah Kiu Yat Po" popular vernacular daily.

Indian Leader Warns On Disorders

WASHINGTON, MAR. 3. SYUD HOSSAIN, CHAIRMAN IN AMERICA FOR THE NATIONAL COMMITTEE FOR INDIA'S FREEDOM, SAID YESTERDAY THAT THE PRESENT DISORDERS IN INDIA ARE DESTINED TO SPREAD IN SCOPE AND INTENSITY "UNLESS THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT MOVES TO SATISFY INDIA'S DEMAND FOR FREEDOM. THE INDIAN PEOPLE REMAIN TO BE CONVINCED OF THE SINCERITY OF THE BRITISH OVERTURES TOWARD THEM" AND THAT PROMISES AND MORE PROMISES HAVE BEEN EMPTY AND HAVE ALREADY PASSED.

The British Parliamentary mission soon going to India "is destined to fail unless it meets the minimum requirements of the Indian people which are definite steps toward Indian political freedom."

"The situation in India is but part of the determination of the peoples of the whole of the Far East and also the Near East to rid themselves of European imperialism who have victimized them for generations," said Hossain.

"There will be no turning back this time. Throughout Egypt, Palestine, Behanon, India, French-Indo-China and Indonesia the situations are the same—a determination of these colonial peoples to enjoy political freedom."

Hossain said that India and other colonial peoples are looking to the United States for moral leadership in their political aspirations.

"The failure of America to state vigorously that she is the champion of suppressed peoples is causing America to lose prestige among these peoples."

GIRL STOWAWAYS

Batavia, March 3. Three Siamese girl stowaways were found in the galley of a ship, belonging to a company bringing returning prisoners of war back to Java from Bangkok, the Netherlands News Agency reported to-day.

All three were put ashore at Singapore, where the conveyance was to take Netherlands shock troops aboard.—Reuter.

Cabby-Cide?

Duchrest, March 3. A Rumanian named Stefan Letovcschi, was to-day sentenced to death after confessing to the murder of 32 taxi-drivers within a year. He was also found guilty of robbery and of wearing the Soviet uniform.—Reuter.

"Empire Wavens" Abandoned

LIVERPOOL, MARCH 3. THE GERMAN PRIZE SHIP, "EMPIRE WAVENS," THE FIFTH VESSEL TO CATCH FIRE IN LIVERPOOL HARBOUR IN 30 HOURS, HEBLED OVER AGAINST THE DAY-SIDE AFTER BEING ABANDONED TO THE FLAMES, WHICH POLICE HINTED, MIGHT HAVE BEEN THE WORK OF SABOTEURS.

A 16,000 ton vessel, formerly a luxury liner, the "Milwaukee," caught fire on Friday night. The loss is estimated to be \$8,000,000.

Other ships burned by fire are a Swedish liner, a small merchant ship, a general cargo vessel and a British motor boat.—Associated Press.

FREIGHTER SINKS. The Spanish ship "Rio de Corderos," a 15,000 ton freighter, sank to-day in Dover harbour when she had been towed after running aground on the notorious Goodwin Sands. The ship was on its way from Stockholm to Spain with a cargo of newsmint and wood. Her crew of 28 escaped safely before the ship sank in the harbour.—Reuter.

SPECIAL GUARDS. Several hundred men of the London Police and C.I.D. (Scotland Yard) will be on special fire-watch duty this week-end at the London Docks to prevent any outbreak of fires there such as have recently occurred in ships in the Liverpool docks.

A fire prevention officer for the Port of London said to-day: "My men are on their toes."

There are 110 ships in the London docks at the moment and most of them are loading for Britain's export drive. Many of the cargoes are inflammable.—Reuter.

Readers' Letters

INTELLECTUAL EXERCISE

Sir,—Chotah Bo Dekko" sees fit to change my sex: This is inexcusable!

It seems certain, from the Quasi-literary manifest by your correspondent, that he would be more at home with a "Nelson's School Reader" than with the forum of a daily newspaper.

"Chotah Bo Dekko" sees fit to challenge my philology. Neither my explanations of verse construction, nor my observations on Philology require any further elaboration in order to be fully understood by the normal intellect.

A degree of intellectual exercise would do "Chotah Bo Dekko" good. He might then realize that my Philosophical observations are the bases of all metaphysical thought. Tenets, indeed, subscribed to by materialists, rationalists and sensationalists. I do not consider one's dogmata could have been broader or less obscure.

"The gates of knowledge need but a gentle push to open." My advice to "Chotah Bo Dekko" is that he start pushing. PHILOSOPHIA.

NOSTALGIC ODE

Sir,—As I was cantering round the Happy Valley race-course this morning on my morning exercise, I found myself entering after me, I allowed him to draw level when he said, "What's all this I hear. Nostalgia, about you getting mixed up in the literary racket? Rather a come-down, eh?"

"Not at all, old man," I said. "It's just a matter of horse-sense. All this nonsense about 'Nostalgia' and 'Nostalgia' is just a matter of horse-sense. I reckon I could knock out one of these modernist efforts before you could say 'Their's off!'"

"Garn!" said Tolo. "I don't believe it. Tell you what, tho'. I bet you my week's lashed oil that you couldn't do one before we get to the fifth furlong."

Well, I just managed it, and afterwards, Tolo said that he didn't really understand it any more than he did those by Hopkins and Philosphia. I told him not to be silly and that he wasn't supposed to understand it because if he did, other people might understand it too. Once other people understood it, it wouldn't be modern or clever and there would be no future to it. Here it is!—EPIRIT.

Backwards and forwards relentlessly like a giant pendulum endlessly beating out time partitioning days weeks and years in a solid phalanx erecting tier on tier of history to what Avail?

—2. The question what the answer? Here, the season's ryzating eternally building up this deservingly that, wood brick and stone

man house and mountain in common welter of Destruction.

Is there No answer? —3. Yes, always an answer beating with steel fingers hammering ceaselessly into the flesh the warm tissues the bone and the muscles into here is Brain

here is the answer The Answer A Lemon.

NOSTALGIA.

And, in many restaurants, bread coupons are not necessary because the waiters pass out the bread regardless of whether the customers have coupons.

For each 25 meals, Paris restaurants are allowed 200 grams of dried vegetables, 500 grams of spaghetti, five kilos of potatoes, 200 grams of flour, one kilo and 400 grams of fish, 200 grams of fat and four eggs or the equivalent in egg powder, according to the Ministry of Information's figures.

Here again the situation is largely theoretical. Actually Paris restaurants have seen hardly any potatoes since last November, and consequently they are permitted more than the specified portions of dried vegetables and spaghetti.—Associated Press.

PARIS RATIONING "THEORETICAL"

PARIS, MARCH 3. THE RATIONING OF RESTAURANT MEALS IN PARIS IS PROVING LARGELY THEORETICAL.

THE PLAN IS INTENDED TO EQUALISE THE DIVISION OF FOOD BY REQUIRING EACH PERSON TO DRAW ON THE SAME LIMITED SUPPLY OF COUPONS WHETHER HE EATS AT HOME OR IN RESTAURANTS.

He can use the coupons as he pleases, but the more he spends in restaurants, the less he will have for home supplies and vice versa.

In theory, the Parisian cannot use all his coupons on home meals augmenting them in ration-free restaurants. But in practice he can do it very nearly.

The law requires coupons only for meat and bread in Paris restaurants.

Usually no meat coupon is necessary for the simple reason that meat is seldom on the menu and may only be sold legally at one meal a week. Such items as (veal) and sausage are not considered as meat in the coupon sense.

"MIRROR OF LIFE"

Sir,—Poetry is the mirror of life," says Mr. Hopkins. The words seem vaguely familiar. But to coin a phrase, it all depends what we mean by life. If we mean the resplendent, vicious, malformed emotions of half-educated sub-men, inflamed by idealistic intellectuals, then perhaps the so-called "sociological" school of poets can be termed artists. But can they? Assuming that we agree with Mr. Hopkins, that the poet must be the faithful mirror of life, let us search these words carefully. Do we find the truth mirrored there—the whole truth?

I don't. And what few manifestations of the human, the sacred, the individual, I do find, are violated and regimented by the cold, impersonal ideal of the ideology of the poet.

It is they who are the idealists. They view reality not, it is true, with the "rosy-tinted" sentimentality of their fathers, but with a perception equally false: they see only that which the obsession of their idea permits. They are unconscious victims of a police-tyranny operating at their "brain-contrasts" and suppressing all "irrelevant" life!

Or is the problem still more terrible. Perhaps these intellectual sociologists are seeing reality. Perhaps it is not they, but the world, that is enslaved?

But I forget—how could it be? This is the "Era of the Common Man."

In my opinion, however, I think this "mirror" symbol of art has been accepted too literally. Let's forget it. True artists are creative innovators, forerunners, and bearers of culture. Forerunners, creators, leaders—not merely passive recorders. Real art, bearing the qualities of the rare and the uncommon, emerges out of solitude and the unknown as a reality in itself, not a mere anarchic reaction to a past tendency. QEDIPUS.

"REGULAR" REPLIES

Sir,—In replying to "Conscript's" letter of yesterday perhaps he would like to know that I consider it typical of the way in which the majority of service-men present their short-sighted opinions. It was to say the least, most unconvincing and although I was touched by his great patriotism it seemed to me to be a little blatant.

Yes, dear conscript, I realise full well that you and many others had magnificent jobs in civilian life earning £7 to £10 a week, but may I point out that besides the £2 to £3 per week to servicemen his income is well supplemented by free issue of clothes, free food, free cigarettes, free entertainment (and at greatly reduced prices) and free lodging. How much extra in cash this represents I hesitate to say but I am sure that it amply over-rides the deficiency.

You insinuate, too, that my general intelligence is, shall I say, of low order. Having had the chance to study my fellow servicemen I have judged by their general trends of conversation and by their actions that I am, at the very least, equal to their standard of intelligence. If they with their mundane characters with banal speech, could hold down jobs in civvy street, I fail to see why I could not.

Regarding your third point relating to health, I agree that many fellows are returning home less fit but I think that a much greater number are returning more fit. At this point I might add that the great strides made by medical science hastened by the war will in the coming years save many more lives than were lost during conflict.

I do not deny that our country is beautiful but surely you would not be so narrow-minded as to blind yourself to the beauty of other countries. Maybe you have never travelled? If not it is only good to prove that what I said in my previous letter is true. If you have I can only say that you have failed to reap the benefit of a marvellous opportunity.

The remainder of your letter shows the deplorable shortsightedness that found us unprepared in 1939. Next time, if there is a next time, we must be prepared and although we may return to help build a greater Britain meanwhile, of course, pursuing our greatly lucrative vocations, we must not lose sight of the fact that we may be required to fight yet again.

"REGULAR"

AIM OF POETRY

Sir,—I feel I must add my comments to those expressed recently in these columns. I was particularly interested in the "survey" by Philosphia in the "China Mail," in which he describes modern verse and the modern poet's aspirations, does not provide any justifying for the same.

Philosphia admits on a note of regret that poetry is not yet pure philosophy.

SHANGHAI-CANTON BY SEA

Direct steamship connection between Shanghai and Canton will be inaugurated with the arrival of the China Merchant Steam Navigation Company's steamer "Hai Ngok" from Shanghai next week.

The Company's Canton Office announced that the vessel was due to leave Shanghai on March 1 with a cargo of approximately 2,000 tons, consisting principally of cotton yarn, textiles, general merchandise and foodstuffs. The trip should take about six days, and the vessel, on arrival, will discharge cargo at Bocca Tigris.

Return cargo for Shanghai is already being booked, it is said.

In the first place, Mr. Philosphia, why so arrogantly assume that the aim of poetry is to become pure philosophy? If you want pure philosophy, go look somewhere else. Secondly, you say the modern poet "works" through the mind of the reader. I suggest you first ascertain whether he so much as contacts the reader.

You speak as if you spoke for all. Two can play that game, and it is my contention that most "modern" verse is liked by a few, half-understood but adhered to by a few more, whom I class as snobs; and that nine out of ten men in the services to-day won't look at it twice.

On the other hand, I know and have known many poetry lovers whose tastes, in common with mine, would doubtless seem shockingly naive to Philosphia and his comrades.

We have the nerve to be charming year after year by such phrases as Gray's Elvys, to be sprinkled away by Keats' "Ode to a Nightingale," and given a sense of the individual's relationship with life, death, and reality by Wordsworth's "The Ballad of Reading Gaol." But one could quote good poetry all day long, and still not have exhausted the golden store.

So pardon me, Philosphia, and alliums with me, for preferring the "cheap, nasty products of sentimentality" to the products of those whom you describe.

Ugh! They must be soulless. In conclusion, and as a further proof of my intellectual inadequacy, I request a translation of the quotation by Auden, which you call wonderful music, but which I cannot make head or tail of. — PLEBE.

ON REVOLUTIONARIES AND POETS

Sir,—Mr. Hopkins is mistaken when he states that "Euterpe will not like this at all." On the contrary, I find it amusing that a man should sit down prepared to tear another man's letter to pieces, sentence by sentence, with all the seriousness, zest and ardour worthy of a fanatic. It is invariably the wild-eyed, impetuous, revolutionaries, with their quick tempers and grave faces, in whom a sense of humour is notably lacking.

If Mr. Hopkins hopes that I shall tear his letter to shreds with the same fanatical fervour I'm afraid he will be disappointed. I endeavoured in my first letter to make quite clear one point, and although Philosphia disagrees with the words used, his letter does accord with the meaning I intended. By "sublimating personal feelings and prejudices" I was thinking of all these things, external to poetry, such as the poet's race or colour or character, things for which we might detect the man but not his poetry. Unlike Mr. Hopkins, Philosphia in his last letter confines himself to criticism of the poetry, and not to criticism of the critic, and I thank him for his enlightening, condensed outline of the aim and power of modern poetry, which I realise is a subject which needs many more words if it is to be dealt with all adequately.

For the benefit of Mr. Hopkins I would like to explain that a professional is a paid man. By "amateur" I meant the many thousands of people who write verses for which they have no hope of receiving payment, but who none the less strive towards perfection. It is a state through which most poets must pass. Unfortunately, the poet who writes hoping for payment either in money or in the satisfaction of seeing his verses in print, often fails to progress beyond that standard once it is reached. The true aim in art is perfection, and if an amateur has that aim his poetry is sincere, and if a paid poet has not that aim I don't think his poetry can be sincere. Many great poets refused the Post Laureateship for just such a reason, because a man cannot be told what to write if he is to write sincerely.

My politics are hardly concerned with this discussion, nor do I think that being bombastic, dogmatic and destructive is an enviable attitude towards life. However, it may interest Mr. Hopkins to know that I am not in agreement with complete state control, and that Russians appeal me—too revolutionary. EUTERPE.

BRITISH MILITARY ADMINISTRATION, HONGKONG

PROCLAMATION NO. 4

DELEGATION OF POWERS (AMENDMENT)

ARTICLE 3

REGULATION NO. 1—PRICE CONTROL

NOTICE

In pursuance of the powers vested in me under paragraph 2 of the above mentioned Regulation 1, ALEXANDER BURGESS, Colonel, Civil Affairs, Supplies, Transport and Industry, DO HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that the following item is added to the Schedule contained in the said Regulation No. 1.

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Supplies, Transport & Industry.

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CITY OF MUD & COURAGE

Chungking's Place In Chinese History

East River Column Question

Canton, March 3.

Communist sources stated yesterday that a member of the East River Column will come to Canton to contact executive headquarters of No. 8 field team under the Chinese censorship agreement, and the sources said such a representative is recognized by the executive headquarters in Peking.

The field team here has prepared a report to submit to the supreme committee of three which is scheduled to arrive here on March 5. They are General George C. Marshall, the special American envoy, Gen. Chang Chih-chang of the Government and Gen. Chou En-lai, Communist leader.

The East River Column has been insisting it is entitled to recognition and peace under the Government-Communist accord and that continued Government troop activities against its forces constitute a breach of the "cease-fire" agreement. Government military headquarters refuses to recognize the column as a Communist organization, labeling it a "bandit" instead. Associated Press.

Shanty-Town Capital

(By Spencer Moosa).

CHUNGKING, MAR. 2. THE REORGANISATION OF THE CHINESE GOVERNMENT AND POSSIBLE SETTLEMENT OF SINO-SOVIET DIFFERENCES OVER MANCHURIA ARE EXPECTED TO BE THE MAIN DEVELOPMENTS IN CHUNGKING, SCENE OF SO MANY HISTORIC DEVELOPMENTS, BEFORE THE CAPITAL IS RE-ESTABLISHED IN NANKING.

WHEN JAPAN COLLAPSED IN AUGUST, LAST YEAR, NO-ONE IN CHUNGKING DREAMT THAT THIS SHANTY-TOWN WOULD STILL BE THE SEAT OF THE CHINESE GOVERNMENT AT THE TURN OF THE YEAR OR THAT IT WOULD REMAIN SO UNTIL APRIL OR MAY OF 1946.

Chungking is described by one writer as a city of mud and courage and will always be remembered as the citadel from which the harassed Chinese fought back against formidable Japan.

Chungking knew many dark and bitter days since the seat of the Government was established here in November 1937. There were the "bombing seasons" in which Japanese air raiders, virtually unchallenged, tried to bomb Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek's National Government into submission. The last Japanese bomb fell within the city of Chungking on August 31, 1941.

The "bombing season" that year was the worst the city ever experienced but from humble buildings built of mud and bamboo which had replaced many more pretentious structures, the nation's affairs were directed. The Japanese helped the Chinese in their town planning. Every time buildings were destroyed the Chinese widened the streets. Many roads, once deeply rutted, have been repaired. The best job that has been done in this respect is the road that runs past the Foreign Office which still stands, atop a hill, commanding a view of the Yangtze River.

This building, which once housed the French Embassy, was partly destroyed by Japanese bombs but was rebuilt. The road leading past it has been re-surfaced, sidewalks have been built and trees planted near the kerbs at regular intervals. Peach trees, now mere saplings, have their lower halves encased in bamboo framework and look for all the world like elegant wire-joint baskets. This is a protection for them against damage.

The lighting system, which is still liable to sudden failing, is now far better than it ever was during the war years, but running water is still difficult to get and coal for heating is scarce. The sale of cigarettes to house-sellers for sale at equivalent to 25 American cents per pack.

PARAMOUNT TOPIC One topic is paramount at nearly all parties, the question of leaving Chungking. Now that the time is at last approaching many persons are discovering that despite its many inconveniences and discomforts, its lack of night-clubs, its shoddy restaurants and the varieties of the power system, Chungking is not such a bad place after all.

There is much more entertaining now than ever before with departing residents having to eat and drink their way out of town. Most of it, too, has an unpretentious and informal quality, which according to diplomats, makes Chungking delightfully different in its social life from other capitals.

Whiskey is not so scarce now. The main drink served at cocktail parties and there are many in Chungking these days is orange juice mixed with a kidney extender, minutely labelled "Vodka".

Up to 1942 there were only a handful of foreign women in Chungking, but now this section of the population is comparatively great. The American Embassy contributes about 10, the British Embassy approximately the same number and recently, five girls from Shanghai arrived in Chungking to work for the United States Signal Corps.

DIPLOMATS' EXPERIENCE Among "Embassy wives" in Chungking are Lady Seymour, the wife of the British Ambassador, Madame Jacques Meyrier, wife of the French Ambassador, Madame Petrova, wife of the Soviet Ambassador, Mrs. Robert Smyth, wife of the Counsellor of the United States Embassy, and Madame Africa, the wife of the Portuguese Charge d'Affaires.

Mademoiselle Jacqueline, de Pomme, 18-year-old daughter of the Belgian Ambassador, acts as hostess for her father. Another Jacqueline, 20-year-old, is the daughter of the French Ambassador and Madame Meyrier.

Entertaining has its problems in Chungking. Diplomats at Chialing House, which when waiters take their orders into guests in the room to call attention, a habit which no-one has yet been able to cure.

A newly arrived diplomat had what was to him a memorable experience. He gave a dinner for Chinese and foreign notables, took great pains to order a good meal, have charged waiters to stand for best and special lighting, etc. All went well until waiters in lifting up the fish plates carefully removed the fish knives and replaced them on a tray placed for use in the next course. The diplomat sometimes has nightmares of "waiters" and "fish knives" (Feb. 27) Associated Press.

Nuernberg Prosecution May Be Extended

NUERNBERG, MAR. 3.

THE QUESTION OF WHETHER MILLIONS OF GERMANS—FROM THE BROWN SHIRTS WHO FOUGHT HITLER'S STREET BRAWLS A QUARTER OF A CENTURY AGO TO THE FIELD MARSHALS WHO HELPED HIM PLOT THE WAR—ARE TO BE HELD CULPABLE ALONG WITH THE TOP NAZI LEADERS WAS DEBATED BEHIND LOCKED DOORS BY THE WAR CRIMES TRIBUNAL.

THE COURT BEGAN ITS PRIVATE DELIBERATIONS AFTER THREE DAYS OF ARGUMENT OVER ALLED DEMANDS THAT THE SIX MAJOR NAZI ORGANISATIONS BY WHICH ADOLF HITLER CONTROLLED GERMANY AND OCCUPIED TERRITORIES SHOULD BE ARRAIGNED FOR JUDGMENT.

There was no indication when the Tribunal would reach its decision. Neither was there any indication of when the military court would be ready to hear the defense of Hermann Goering, number 1 among the 22 individuals on trial. A hearing on the requests for witnesses for the other defendants will be held on Monday.

The major problems confronting the Tribunal on the question of prosecuting the Nazi organizations were given as:

1—How to give a fair hearing to the millions of persons affected;

2—Whether the vast numbers who merely held administrative posts in the organizations should be exempted;

3—How to determine the question of voluntary participation in activities of the allegedly guilty groups;

4—Whether the court should consider the possibility of as many as 7,000,000 Germans being outlawed and made liable to punishment.

Relative to the last point, U.S. Prosecutor Robert H. Jackson said the United States did not intend to try to punish millions. However, defense Attorney Martin Loeffer, representing the S.S., said the Tribunal had no assurance that the United States Government would be bound by Jackson's expressed attitude.

SOVIET SUPPORT

The Soviet Union, yesterday joined the United States in assuring the Tribunal that it opposes any attempt to put a million Germans on trial for war crimes.

General Roman Rudenko, chief Russian prosecutor, announced his support of Justice Robert Jackson's declaration on Friday that a conviction of six indicted Nazi organizations would not mean outlawing a great section of the population as the defense contended. Associated Press.

WON'T BE CAUGHT NAPPING AGAIN

Washington, March 3.

A long range naval reserve plan under which the United States Fleet could be ready for war within 10 days will be offered for congressional approval soon, the Navy Department said.

The plan calls for an organized reserve of 200,000 highly trained civilians for Fleet and volunteer reserve and 800,000 for activation above base.

The announcement said the plan is to create a strong reserve force of "citizen sailors" and "citizen Marines". Associated Press.

BRIDGE NOTES

South could have tried for an overtrick, but wisely decided to safeguard his contract.

South, Dealer
Neither side vulnerable

B. A Q 2
H. 8 6 4 2
D. 10 5 2
C. A 8 3

B. J 9 6
H. 8
D. A Q 4 3
C. K Q J 10

B. K 8 5 3
H. 10 7 3
D. 8 6
C. 9 7 6 2

B. 10 7 4
H. A K Q J 9
D. K J 9 7
C. 5

The bidding:
South. West. North. East
1H. 2C. 2H. Pass
3H. Pass 4H. Pass
Pass Pass

West led the King of clubs, and South took the club Ace and drew three rounds of trumps. He was then tempted to finesse the Queen of spades, for if that won, he could finesse diamonds from the dummy and perhaps win even twelve tricks! He won from this pleasant pipe dream by considering that losing the spade finesse might lead to the loss of two spades and two diamonds.

With some reluctance, therefore, South gave up his play for overtricks and simply led a low diamond from his hand. West won with the diamond Queen and returned the six of spades, thus giving South one more chance to go wrong. To play the Queen would allow East to take the spade King and return the suit, setting up a second spade trick for West before his Ace of diamonds had been knocked out.

South saw the danger, however, and played dummy's low spade. When East had to put up his King South conceded a diamond to the Ace and claimed the rest. But South was sure to make his contract even if East had been able to win the spade trick with the Jack. He would then have to return a club or a diamond. South would force out the diamond Ace, put up the spade King and West's spade return, and discard dummy's spade Queen on his own fourth diamond.

Yesterday you were Oswald Jacoby's partner, vulnerable against non-vulnerable opponents, and you held:

B. 7 5 3
H. K 6 4 2
D. 8
C. K J 5 3 2

The bidding:
Jacoby. Schenken. You. Maier
1H. 1S. 2H. 2S.
4H. 4S. (7)

ANSWER: Bid five hearts. On the bidding, your partner would be short of spades. Your hand is sure to fit whether his side strength is in diamonds or in clubs. Furthermore, you have no assurance that you can defeat four spades, so have no real choice.

Score 100 per cent for five hearts, 60 per cent for five clubs, 30 per cent for pass.

QUESTION

To-day you are David Bruce Burnstone's partner and, non-vulnerable against vulnerable opponents, you hold:

B. K 6 4 3
H. 7 5 3
D. Q J 9 8 7
C. 8

The bidding:
Jacoby. Burnstone. Schenken. You
1H. 1S. 2H. (7)

What do you bid? (Answer To-morrow).

Russians Leaving Tabriz

Tehran, March 3.

The newspaper "Ehtesalat" said that Russian forces occupying Azerbaijan, capital city of Tabriz, began evacuation yesterday morning.

The newspaper quoted an unidentified informant over the Iranian telegraph as saying that the evacuation was expected to be completed by midnight and that the city's outskirts by troops of the democratic government.

There had been previous reports of Russian troops giving up requisitioned hotels in Azerbaijan city and of rolling up their telephones lines, despite the Russian announcement that only Soviet troops east of Tiflis would be withdrawn from the country under the tripartite occupation agreement. Associated Press.

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NOTICE

As from Monday, 4th March, the Offices of these Guilds will be on the Third Floor, Union Building, 3 Pedder Street.

CHINA COAST OFFICERS GUILD and MARINE ENGINEERS GUILD OF CHINA

SUBMISSION OF CLAIMS AGAINST THE B.M.A. BEFORE CLOSE OF FINANCIAL YEAR.

The British Military Administration's financial year closes on the 31st March and all merchants and contractors are particularly requested to submit promptly to the Departments concerned any outstanding accounts for supplies and services to the Administration, so as to ensure that payment is effected before the 31st March.

This applies only to accounts in respect of the period since British Administration was resumed. It does not refer to claims for the year 1941.

Payment of accounts submitted later than Thursday, the 14th March, 1946, may be considerably delayed.

H. R. HIRST.

S.O. 1 (G.A.) Finance.

The Treasury,
Hong Kong,
22nd February, 1946.

BRITISH MILITARY ADMINISTRATION HONG KONG.

DEPARTMENT OF IMPORTS & EXPORTS

Duty on Proprietary Medicines
and Toilet Preparations.

On and from March 2nd 1946 duty will be collected upon Proprietary Medicines and Toilet Preparations under the Customs Commodity Ordinance (No. 88 of 1931). The rate of duty are those in force on December 1st 1941.

Definitions of "Proprietary Medicines" and "Toilet Preparations" and the rate of duty will be found in the news columns of the press.

The Duty is collected by means of Duty Paid labels and on and from March 2nd all stocks of these commodities which are sold, exposed for sale, or stored in other than bonded storage must be labelled. Holders of stocks must obtain labels from the Imports and Exports Office and must fill in an application form showing the number of each type of label required and at the same time pay for the labels received. The Imports and Exports Office will be opened on Saturday, March 2nd and Sunday, March 3rd, for the issue of labels.

Licences under the Dutiable Commodities Ordinance for (a) Manufacturers with Licensed Warehouses (b) Importers (c) Dealers and (d) Retailers will be issued to persons or firms wishing to trade in these goods and applicants are requested to register at the Imports and Exports Office. Retailers' Licences will not be issued to Hawkers and Street Stalls. All persons or firms holding old licences issued in 1941 are requested to bring forward these with their applications and they should produce any other licence which they hold under the Dutiable Commodities Ordinance. Retailers are requested to register their applications with two copies of their passport photos at the Imports and Exports Office (around floor, Fire Brigade Building) between March 4th and March 9th for those having premises in Hong Kong and between March 11th and March 16th for those with premises elsewhere and after the requisite particulars have been noted and the fee paid, a temporary receipt will be issued which will be exchanged for the licence at the same counter seven days after registration.

In future stocks of this type must be labelled with Duty Paid labels, before removal from bonded storage in the case of imported goods or before removal from the factory in the case of locally manufactured goods.

On and from March 2nd the exposure for sale, possession or removal (except under permit) of unlabelled goods or goods improperly labelled will be illegal and the goods found will be liable to seizure and the owner to prosecution.

H. A. TAYLOR.

Superintendent of Imports
& Exports
March 2nd 1946.

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Round-up Of
Hitler Backers

Frankfurt, March 3.
The American round-up of
German financiers accused of en-
riching themselves on the spoils
of Nazi aggression has now re-
ached 84 of the country's wealthiest
bankers. It is disclosed.

The financiers were listed along
with the \$520,000,000 phantom
industrialist Friedrich Flick, who
was also one of the dominant
directors of the Dresdener Bank,
second largest bank in Germany.

Investigators are probing the
swift expansion in Nazi occupied
Europe and in South America of
four of Germany's leading banks
and say they are seeking indict-
ment of bankers and banks as
war criminals for crimes against
peace and humanity. Investigators
also said the Dresdener Bank
was one of the main sponsors
and promoters of the
Nazi régime.—Associated Press.

KREMLIN ACCUSED
Cardinal On Persecution In RussiaJapanese
Organised
Disorders

Batavia, March 3.

Dr. William Hoven, acting
director of the Netherlands East
Indies internal administration de-
partment, said he had "definite
proof" that recent disturbances in
Celebes, Borneo and New Guinea
were inspired and organised by
the Japanese.

He has just returned from a
visit to Macassar after Dutch
sentries were reported to have
fired into the dockers' crowd, as-
serting someone in the crowd shot
first.

Hoven said armed bands were
concentrating at Ratanje, Celebes,
under Japanese leadership. He
said a recent mission to Macassar
was the first step in implement-
ing Dutch promises to Indonesians
of a new deal in forming a coun-
cil in southern Celebes to or-
ganise an autonomous local
government.

The council would be composed
of 37 Indonesians and five Dutch.
Meanwhile, British Headquar-
ters sources in Batavia said they
had received no order regarding
withdrawal of British Indian
troops from Indonesia. (Gen. Sir
Claude Auchinleck said in New
Delhi on Thursday that with-
drawal of Indian troops would
start on Friday).—Associated
Press.

Only Orthodox
Church Allowed

ROME, MAR. 2.

IN A PREPARED STATEMENT, CARDINAL TIS-
SERANT SAID TO-DAY: "IN RUSSIA, PRACTICALLY
SPEAKING, NO OTHER CHRISTIAN CHURCH IS
ALLOWED EXCEPT THE ORTHODOX CHURCH
OF MOSCOW, AND THE ORDER OF THE DAY IS
THAT THE RUTHENIAN CATHOLIC CHURCH
MUST DISAPPEAR."

THE STATEMENT ADDED THAT, FOR THE RUTHE-
NIANS, THE MATTER IS REDUCED TO
THIS DILEMMA: "EITHER SCHISM OR MARTYR-
DOM" AND MARTYRDOM MEANS ARREST, DE-
PORTATION INTO ASIA, PRISON, FORCED LA-
BOUR, DEATH.

"Since deportation is used
specifically against the clergy,
one cannot repeat or say what
will be the lot of the faithful
who find themselves deprived of
their pastors."

The Cardinal declared that over
one fifth of the 2,000 secular
priests of the Ruthenian Catho-
lic Diocese "have suffered this
punishment."

The statement added that the
Basilian Fathers have lost all of
their houses and institutions and
"more than 30 of them have been
arrested. Nothing more have been
heard of them since."

Cardinal Tisserant said that in
lower Carpathia, the position of
the Ruthenian Catholics is about
the same, with schools suppressed
and property confiscated by the
State.

"Sermons are censored; priests
are deprived of their means of
livelihood and forced to seek any
kind of manual labour to live."

The Cardinal said that meet-
ings and propaganda are used to
urge Roman Catholics to join the
Orthodox Church of Moscow.
Priests have remained steadfast,
he declared, and are "publicly
being treated as enemies of the
people."

He cited one incident at Mun-
kacs where he said: "The Semina-
ry has been robbed of its build-
ings and at least 50 churches
have been taken from the priests
and given to the Orthodox
Church."

Cardinal Tisserant said that
many refugees are not submitting
to the demands made by the Red
Army "often at the point of a
gun to force the refugees back
to the countries from which they
have come."

RATHER DIE
"Some have declared that they
would rather die than to put
themselves in the Communist
power, and these have asked for
a Christian death."

"It is inhuman, it is anti-
Christian to violate human liberty
in this way. If the end of the
war means the end of the right
of asylum, then mankind has lost
every idea of justice and charity,"
the Cardinal declared.—Associated
Press.

Anti-Franco
Parade

Oslo, March 3.

Five thousand Oslo University
students yesterday paraded
through the business section of
the Norwegian capital shouting
"down with Franco."

Parliament members crowding
to the windows of the old Storting
Building were cheering and waving.

One student read a declaration
signed by conservative, communists
and socialists, stating groups were
in the Norwegian government to
disparage her non intervention policy
toward Spain and immediately
break off diplomatic and trade
relations with her.—Associated
Press.

South China
brigades' Statement

Chungking, March 3.

A Communist dispatch from
Kwangtung quoted the spokesman
of South China Anti-Japanese
Brigades as saying that seven
divisions of Nationalist troops
were employed against them dur-
ing the past few months.

The spokesman said the refusal
by Nationalist commander Chang
Kai-shek to recognize the status
of the Brigade was merely a pre-
text to attack them as "bandits."

This, he charged, was a distinct
violation of the cease fire orders
issued by Generalissimo Chiang
Kai-shek and Communist leader
Mao Tse-tung on Jan. 10.

"It is quite evident," the spokes-
man declared, "that Kwangtung
Authorities have not the slightest
intention of carrying out those
orders but instead they intend to
enlarge hostilities and bring dis-
aster to the people of Kwang-
tung."

The Brigade was disbanded in
Hainan Island and various other
parts of Kwangtung, the spokes-
man asserted. It had, he said,
saved many "Allied friends"
from capture by the Japanese
during the war and its co-
operation with United States Air
Forces and British Army Aid
Groups had produced outstanding
results.

"We protest against the slan-
dering of the South China Anti-
Japanese Brigade," the spokesman
said. "We would welcome an in-
vestigation of facts by field teams
from Peiping Executive Head-
quarters and by correspondents."
—Associated Press.

SIAMESE IN BRITISH
ARMY

Southampton, Mar. 3.

Twenty-four Siamese who
left English universities in
1942, volunteered in the British
army and were dropped by para-
chute into Siam to train secret-
ly 50,000 guerrillas in jungle
warfare, have arrived here.

They were aboard the Royal
Mail liner "Andes," which dock-
ed from Singapore. The former
students expect to be demobilized
in about two months to re-
turn to their classes. Twelve
others who went with them to
India are still overseas.—Asso-
ciated Press.

Cairo, March 3.

The Arab league told the Anglo-
American inquiry committee that
"Palestine in Jewish hands would
be a centre of continuous conflicts
and international intrigues and
religious strife. Zionism never
will be able to stand on its own
feet in Palestine."—Associated
Press.

TURKEY OPENS
TALKS WITH IRAQ

ANKARA, MAR. 3.

AN INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE WHICH OBSER-
VERS EXPECT TO SOLIDIFY RELATIONS BE-
TWEEN TURKEY AND IRAQ, AND POSSIBLY IN-
FLUENCE THE ENTIRE MIDDLE EAST, OPENED
HERE YESTERDAY.

AMID A FIFTER OF SPECULATION OVER WHAT
THE CONFERENCE HAD ON ITS AGENDA, THE
IRAQI DELEGATION LEADER, NURI ES SAID
PASHA, FORMER IRAQI PREMIER, WAS QUOTED
AS SAYING THAT "OUR AIM IS TO CONSOLIDATE
THE UNDERSTANDING WHICH HAS EXISTED
BETWEEN OUR COUNTRIES FOR A LONG TIME."

The Istanbul newspaper the idea of creating an eastern
bloc, this would irritate Moscow
Iraq leader said that other
countries "fully approve of the sit-
uation sufficiently tense as it is,
collaboration which we will
establish. I have the firm con-
viction that after Iraq, other
Arab countries will want to co-
operate with Turkey—and in the
very near future."

A Baghdad communiqué print-
ed here said the conference
would study the use of the
Euphrates and Tigris rivers,
discuss commercial, financial
and cultural questions, and
"mutual protection against dan-
gerous individuals."

EASTERN BLOC?

The dangerous individuals
were not identified, but it was
recalled that the often trouble-
some Khazdsh tribes live along
the common border. (Belut
Radio heard by Associated Press
in London said that if Turkey
were to conclude a pact with
Iraq, it would be a pact with
the East.)

Chungking, March 3.

The slowdown strike of Chinese
telegraphic and radio communica-
tion employees seeking better
working conditions has spread
southward to Kweichow, capital
of Kweichow province, and Kun-
ming, capital of Yunnan province.
—Associated Press.

CHINESE GIVEN
FRESH HOPE

CHUNGKING, MAR. 3

CHINESE QUARTERS IN CHUNGKING WERE HEAR-
ENED BY WHAT THEY CONSIDERED EVIDENCE
OF A FIRMER UNITED STATES POLICY TO-
WARDS RUSSIA ON THE SINO-SOVIET DISPUTE
OVER MANCHURIA.

THE ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE STATE DEPART-
MENT IN WASHINGTON THAT THE UNITED
STATES WOULD NOT RECOGNISE THE SEIZURE
OF JAPANESE INDUSTRIAL EQUIPMENT IN
MANCHURIA AS "WAR BOOTY" AND WELCOMED
HERE, BUT NO ONE IN CHUNGKING HAD
EVEN THE SLIGHTEST HOPE THAT ANY OF
THIS EQUIPMENT WOULD BE RETURNED.

Dutch Landing
In Bali

Samoer, Bali, March 3.

Thousands of Dutch troops
carrying unloaded rifles but with
ammunition clips ready, made an
unopposed landing yesterday on
this island in the Dutch East
Indies. The troops were under
the orders of (British) Major-
General E. C. B. Mansergh and
they came ashore at Samoer, on
the south-eastern coast. There
were no incidents reported.

The expedition included five
British landing ships, two Dutch
landing craft, a Dutch supply
ship and the Dutch destroyer
"Kortenaar."

A small British advance party
landed a week ago in preparation
for mass landings. British per-
sonnel were ordered not to partici-
pate in offensive action against
the Indonesians who went
ashore were Dutch Medical staffs,
30 Red Cross Nurses and 20 tons
of medicine, cloth and foodstuffs
for distribution to the natives.
The British recently announced
from Batavia that the Japanese
forces in Bali surrendered last
Sunday in a ceremony on board
a British Warship off Soerabaya.
—Associated Press.

HONORARY D.D.s

St. Andrews, March 2.

The University of St. Andrews
to-day conferred honorary de-
grees of Doctor of Divinity on
three foreign Reformers: Church
clergymen at a service commemo-
rating the Scottish Theologian
George Elshart. The men hon-
oured were: the Reverend F.
Bednar of Prague, Bishop Ber-
grav, Primate of the Norwegian
Church, and Reverend Jean de
Sausseure of Geneva.—Associated
Press.

Washington, March 3.

A threat of a tie-up of the
United States coal industry ap-
peared to-day as John L. Lewis
filed a 30-day notice of the inter-
diction of his United Mine Work-
ers' Union to strike. The union
representatives approximately 400,000
coal miners. The union is seek-
ing higher wages.—Associated
Press.

GEN. MA RELEASED

Chungking, March 3.

The Communists yesterday an-
nounced they have released Gen-
eral Ma Feh-wei who was taken
prisoner in civil fighting which
developed in northern Honan and
southern Hsuei after the conclu-
sion of hostilities against Japan.
Ma Feh-wei was captured during
an abortive attempt by National-
ist forces to move along the
Peking-Hankow railroad to Pei-
king.—Associated Press.

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.



SAILINGS

I.C.S.N. Co.'s S.S. "WOSANG" to Shanghai 4 a.m. 4th March

I.C.S.N. Co.'s S.S. "ESANG" to Swatow 2 p.m. 6th March

ARRIVALS

I.C.S.N. Co.'s S.S. "ESANG" from Shanghai due 6th March

Berths: H.K. Praya.

IN PORT

S.S. "PROMISE" (Arrived 2nd March)
Discharging into Kowloon Godowns.

All the above Subject to Alteration without Notice.
PASSENGERS ARE ADVISED TO REGISTER THEIR NAMES
AS FAR AS POSSIBLE IN ADVANCE OF THE DATES UPON
WHICH THEY INTEND TO LEAVE.

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SAILING TO SWATOW

S.S. "KWEIYANG" Noon 6th March

SAILING TO SHANGHAI

S.S. "HANYANG" Noon 12th March

SAILING TO CANTON

S.S. "FATSHAN" 11 a.m. 7th March

For Freight and Passages particulars please apply to
Messrs. Butterfield & Swire.

BLUE FUNNEL LINE

* M.V. "AJAX" sails Mid. March for U.K. via Suez
"EURYBATES" sails 2nd week March for Vancouver.
For Passage and Freight Particulars,
apply to—
on and before 2nd March FESA Tel. 2003.
after 2nd March

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, AGENTS

AUSTRALIAN BEEF

WILL BE ON SALE AT:

THE DAIRY FARM, ICE & COLD STORAGE CO., LTD. Lower Albert Road
Kowloon
East Point

MESSRS. LANE CRAWFORD, LTD. Exchange Building

ON—MONDAYS—WEDNESDAYS & FRIDAYS
COMMENCING MONDAY, 11TH MARCH 1946, UNTIL
ALL APPLICATIONS HAVE BEEN DRAFTED WITH!

2. New system necessitates HOUSEHOLDERS making a written
application on the following lines:

"The Dairy Farm, Ice & Cold Storage Co., Ltd.
Please register my name for Beef distribution. Delivery
will be taken at
Enclosed herewith stamped self addressed envelope.

signed
address

3. No Dockets will be issued but the application received will be
registered and stamped with the date on which purchase can
be made. THE APPLICATION WILL THEN BE RE-
TURNED TO THE HOUSEHOLDER IN THE STAMP-
ED ADDRESS ENVELOPE WHICH MUST AC-
COMPANY EACH APPLICATION.

4. Holders of "Chopped" applications will be permitted to pur-
chase Beef UP TO THE VALUE OF \$5.00 which figure has
been set as the family limit. NO GROUP APPLICATIONS
WILL BE CONSIDERED AND EACH APPLICATION
WILL BE TREATED AS A FAMILY APPLICATION.

5. All applications received will be dealt with in the above manner
but as a large number of applications are anticipated some days
must elapse before all can be dealt with.

6. APPLICATIONS SHOULD BE RETAINED BY APPLI-
CANTS AFTER INITIAL PURCHASE FOR USE IN
CASE OF SUBSEQUENT DISTRIBUTIONS.

7. APPLICATIONS CLOSE AT 5 P.M. ON 5TH MARCH,
1946.

THE DAIRY FARM, ICE & COLD STORAGE CO., LTD.

**NAAFI REPRESENTS
ENSA ENTERTAINMENTS
FOR H.M. FORCES
ENSA STAR THEATRE
THE ALEXANDRA REPERTORY COY.**
(DIRECT FROM BIRMINGHAM)
IN
"Night Must Fall"
BY EMLYN WILLIAMS
COMMENCING MONDAY, 4TH MARCH
NIGHTLY AT 7.30 P.M.

QUALITY CAKES

AGAIN AVAILABLE

Assorted Fancies \$0.35 each
Butter Cream Gateaux From 3.00
Fruit Cakes \$5.00 per lb.
Cherry Cakes 7.50

SPECIALS

Birthday Cakes From \$4.50 per lb.
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WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.

THE SALE OF GOVERNMENT STOCKS (SOAP AND ENAMEL WARE) WILL TAKE PLACE AGAIN AT THEIR FIRST FLOOR SHOW ROOMS, COMMENCING FROM MONDAY, 4TH MARCH, 1946.

Wants U.S. To Be Firm

Washington, March 3. Senator Tom Connally, Democrat of Texas, said yesterday that the United States would not give atom bomb secrets "to anybody, anywhere, anyhow, until some international agency has been created to guarantee security."

Connally spoke at a press conference in reference to Secretary of State James Byrnes' declaration that the United States must stand ready to use force, if necessary, to prevent aggression.

Connally, who is Chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, joined a group of American officials advocating a policy of firm dealing with Soviet Russia but said his idea of the way to get along with Russia was not to say "we are against you."

He said the United States should take the position "we know it is right and stand there." Associated Press.

Churchill Distressed

Miami Beach, March 3. Winston Churchill and his family are scheduled to leave here to-day for Washington aboard a special railroad car. He will see his son Randolph in Washington during the week-end. He will also go with President Truman to Westminister College, Missouri, for an address on March 5 and afterwards will return to Washington. Later, on, he will go on to New York for a civic reception and then will sail again for England on March 21.

As he prepared to leave Miami Beach, Mr. Churchill said: "We have enjoyed our stay in Florida, but I am distressed by what I have read of life in England. We must go back." Associated Press.

Censors At Work In Saigon

Saigon, March 3. Louis Longueux, Cabinet Director for the French High Commissioner for Indo-China, promised to-day a comprehensive investigation into the suppressing by the French Post Office on Thursday of two Associated Press dispatches and other news copy.

Longueux said that the Indo-China Government does not countenance censorship or suppression of press dispatches and said that prompt action would be taken to determine the authority ordering the suppression. He said "the papers leaving the country may be examined but neither delayed nor cut."

The Associated Press dispatches concerned investigations by the Indo-China Cabinet into riots by French Servicemen in which social leaders were beaten and socialist news-paper plants wrecked. Associated Press.

World Food Crisis

London, March 3. The British Food Minister, Sir Ben Smith, will, it is officially announced, leave London by air during the weekend for Washington to discuss with the Combined Food Board how the limited supplies of wheat available in the world may best be apportioned among the claimant countries. In view of the fact that the supply situation has worsened, since he was last in Washington.

The official announcement adds: "In particular he will strongly support on behalf of the British Government the claim for special consideration which will be addressed to the Board by the delegation from the Government of India." Reuter.

Hong Kong Races

THE HONG KONG SERVICES RACE CLUB'S THIRD MILITARY MEETING IN AID OF THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF'S FUND FOR THE RELIEF OF DISTRESS IN HONG KONG DREW A LARGE CROWD TO HAPPY VALLEY YESTERDAY IN SPITE OF THE UNPROMISING WEATHER.

Favourites won three of the five races, and only one heavily-backed pony, Anthony, a co-favourite with Moses in the second race, failed to place. Lt.-Col. Gibson was the most successful jockey, riding two winners, Moses in the first and Sanel in the fourth race.

Biggest dividend for a winner paid \$17.60 for Moses, second favourite in the first race. Prince, a rank outsider, paid \$16.40 for a place in the fourth race.

Cash Sweep prizes were lower over the first four races than at the last race meeting, but the first prize for the last race exceeded \$15,000.

The Tote Double, Moses in the second race and Sanel in the fourth, both favourites, paid \$35.80.

The results were:

1st Race—Aintree Handicap (5 furlongs).
Moses (Lt.-Col. Gibson) 1
Plicker (Lt.-Comdr. Lamotte) 2
Inshalla (A.B. Towler) 3
Also ran: Doreen (Lieut. Dampier) and Duke (Lt.-Comdr. Parker).
Winner: \$17.60.
Places: 1st, \$8.70; 2nd, \$7.80.

2nd Race—Epsom Stakes (5 furlongs).
Moses (Comdr. Courage) 1
Maria (Maj. Gaskell) 2
Billy (Capt. Govind Singh) 3
Also ran: Anthony (W/Cdr. Chaudhry), Goldy (Col. Foster), Mary (Comdr. Gregory) and Tom (Col. Percival-Price).
Winner: \$13.60.
Places: 1st, \$6.60; 2nd, \$8.70; 3rd, \$13.20.

3rd Race—Newmarket Handicap (5 furlongs).
Tony (Sq.-Adm. Jenkins) 1
Niger (A.B. Towler) 2
Stardust (L.A.C. Sutton) 3
Also ran: Jacobus (L.A.C. Towler) and Starlight (L.A.C. Gay).
Winner: \$15.40.
Places: 1st, \$9.00; 2nd, \$9.30.

4th Race—Doncaster Handicap (7 furlongs).
Sanel (Lt.-Col. Gibson) 1
Prince (Opl. Payne) 2
Mainsail (Col. Foster) 3
Also ran: Autumn Rose (Maj. Hodgman), Jackie (Comdr. Courage) and Resalder (Maj. Gaskell).
Winner: \$9.90.
Places: 1st, \$6.80; 2nd, \$16.40; 3rd, \$7.40.

5th Race—Ascot Scurry (3 furlongs).
Shornay (L.A.C. Gay) 1
Jeanie (L.A.C. Sutton) 2
Jonah (L.A.C. Towler) 3
Also ran: Charles Chase (Maj. Hodgman), Gypsy (Maj. Lakin), Happy (A.B. Towler) and Tojo (L.A.C. C. James).
Winner: \$15.50.
Places: 1st, \$7.00; 2nd, \$7.70; 3rd, \$15.00.

CASH SWEEPS

FIRST RACE
1st No. 5297 \$5,558
2nd .. 877 1,588
3rd .. 171 704
Unplaced ponies Nos: 3281 and 705 \$100 each.

SECOND RACE
1st No. 3281 \$5,942
2nd .. 6203 1,093
3rd .. 5598 840
Unplaced ponies Nos: 2323, 5754, 2268 and 414 \$100 each.

THIRD RACE
1st No. 95 \$6,480
2nd .. 212 1,852
3rd .. 6620 920
Unplaced ponies Nos: 1865 and 5073 \$100 each.

FOURTH RACE
1st No. 3546 \$6,593
2nd .. 5860 1,884
3rd .. 6661 942
Unplaced ponies Nos: 1010, 6789, 1177 and 3388 \$100 each.

FIFTH RACE
1st No. 6596 \$15,963
2nd .. 12710 4,561
3rd .. 5048 2,281
Unplaced ponies Nos: 3410, 2581, 6354 and 6232 \$100 each.

FOOTBALL RESULTS

London, March 2.

Football matches played to-day resulted as follows:—

F.A. CUP
6th Round (First Leg):—Villa 3, Derby 4; Bradford 2, Birmingham 2; Charlton 0, Brentford 3; Stoke 0, Bolton 2.

LEAGUE NORTH
Barnsley 4, Wednesday 0; Chesterfield 0, Huddersfield 0; Everton 4, Newcastle 1; Leeds 1, Blackburn 4; Manchester United 1, Bury 1; Middlesbrough 3, Grimsby 1; Sheffield United 4, Blackpool 2; Sunderland 0, Liverpool 2.

LEAGUE SOUTH
Coventry 0, Southampton 1; Luton 0, Millwall 1; Notts Forest 0, Wolves 0; Plymouth 0, West Bromwich 4; Portsmouth 2, West Ham 3; Swansea 3, Newport 0.

League Three, North West Region Cup:—Chester 3, Accrington 1; Crewe 3, Stockport 2; Rochdale 1, Wrexham 2; Southport 4, Barrow 2; Tynemouth 3, Oldham 3.

League Three, North East Region Cup:—Bradford City 6, Hartlepool 2; Lincoln 0, Darlington 2; Gateshead 0, Carlisle 2; Rotherham 1, Doncaster 3; York 1, Halifax 1.

League Three South, North Region Cup:—Norwich 0, Southend 1; Port Vale 4, Ipswich 1; Queen's Park Rangers 3, Mansfield 0; Watford 0, Notts County 2.

League Three South, South Region Cup:—Bournemouth 4, Palace 0; Brighton 2, Exeter 2; Bristol City 5, Torquay 1; Cardiff 1, Bristol Rovers 0; Reading 5, Aldershot 1.

League Three South, North and South Region Cup:—Northampton 5, Swindon 1.

Other Matches:—Fulham 2, Arsenal 1; Preston 2, Leicester 3; Swans 4, Chelsea 2.

SCOTTISH "A"
Aberdeen 4, Hibernian 1; Celtic 4, Clyde 0; Hearts 3, Falkirk 1; Motherwell 0, Rangers 3; Partick 3, Kilmarnock 0; Queen of the South 1, Morton 0; St. Mirren 0, Hamilton 0; Third Lanark 2, Queen's Park 2.

SCOTTISH "B"
Aberdeen 1, Airdrie 0; Ayre 2, Dundee United 0; Cowdenbeath 0, Alloa 1; Dundee 0, Arbroath 0; East Fife 4, Raith 2; St. Johnstone 1, Dumfries 0; Stenhousemuir 0, Dumbarton 2.

Irish Republic Cup:—Clontarf 1, Glentworth 1; Linfield 0, Belfast Celtic 1; Reuter.

Sister Ann Lands On Sado Isle

Tokyo, March 3. A flight that started from Singapore on Jan. 14 and was interrupted by a storm, a forced landing and six weeks of repairs on an island off the west coast of Japan, has ended for five airmen flying "Sister Ann"—Lord Louis Mountbatten's plane.

R.A.F. Squadron Leader Donald A. L. Campbell of Glasgow, told how his plane was almost wrecked by a storm and landed on a 300-foot stretch of pebble beach on Sado Island in semi-darkness.

Passengers included Air Marshal R. V. Goddard, administrative officer in the South East Asia Command, and A. K. Ogden, British Consul-General at Shanghai and four under-secretaries.

They were up to Tokyo, and were to be taken to the United States by boat to the Japanese mainland while the plane remained behind. Associated Press.

United Services Beat Chinese

In an interesting football game at Causeway Bay yesterday, United Services retained their unbeaten record when they defeated a combined Hong Kong and Canton Chinese team by two clear goals after leading at the interval by one goal.

The game, which was played in very sporting spirit, was witnessed by a large crowd and among those present were the Air Commodore W. A. D. Brook, C.B.E., General Mok, Col. W. M. Thomson, Chairman of the Football Control Board and Col. W. Kay Smith, the Air Force pivot, who was not able to turn out owing to a swollen knee and Jones of Royal Navy deputised. Lt. Jack, Commandos right-half, was also an absentee and his place was taken by Lennox of Royal Air Force.

These changes did not weaken the Combined Services' defence and from the very start the team held down and gave an excellent exhibition of football.

McCrystal and Bax gave their usual good display and with Swash of Royal Navy in form the Chinese attackers could do nothing. Jones, in the pivotal position had a hard afternoon and on the whole turned in a creditable performance.

Lennox, at right-half, was in good form and kept the speedy Hsu Ching-to well in check, so much so that this winger did not have many opportunities to shine. Headon in an unaccustomed position at left-half showed his versatility and had the better of Lee Tak-keu in the first half and Fung King-cheng in the second period when the latter changed position.

The Services' attack was well served by Brown, in the centre-forward position, and Crawford and Griffith on the wings.

Lee Wai-tong, in his original position as inside-left, played a fairly good game, but in spite of the through passes sent for him Chan Tak-fai, the centre-forward could do nothing.

Hsu Ching-to, of which so much was expected, was too well marked by Lennox to be dangerous and he did not send over a worthwhile centre.

In the defence Hsu King-seng was outstanding. He played a sound defensive game and rendered every support to his forwards.

After a period in which play was slow, United Services scored through Brown and held the lead till the interval.

In the second period United Services had their fair share of attacking and it was only late in the game that Brown increased the lead for them.

United Services:—Bax; Swash and McCrystal; Lennox, Jones and Headon; Crawford, Hanlon, Brown, Fung and Griffith. Chinese:—Lee Kwok-kee; Hsu Yung-sang and The Kam-tun; Leung Wing-chui, Hsu King-seng and Chan Kam-hoi; Lee Tak-kee, Fung King-cheng, Chan Tak-fai, Lee Wai-tong and Hsu Ching-to.

SOFTBALL

(By "Onlooker")

The registration period for the International Softball Series has been extended to March 7, entries being accepted up to that date by Dr. F. J. Mothes, Shell House, or Mr. Mothes, in the Peninsula Hotel.

Entries have so far been received from India (the holders), Portugal, China, America and Britain.

The H.K. Softball Association's management committee will hold a meeting at 5.15 p.m. on Friday in the office of the acting honorary secretary, fourth floor, China Building, to discuss the drawing for the International Series. All softball enthusiasts are invited.

BASEBALL

(By "Fair Play")

When the weather caused the baseball game between the U.S.S. Los Angeles and All-Hong Kong to be postponed yesterday, a scratch game was played between the former team and a nine made up of five All-Hong Kong and four reserve players from the American ship. The result was a two-inning encounter in which neither scored any runs.

Huber (Captain) shone for the Yanks while Wally China, pitcher for the scratch team, put on a brilliant display. The postponed game will be played at 10 a.m. next Sunday, on the Recreation ground, King's Park.

FAR EAST TRIBUNAL

Tokyo, March 3. Three more members of the International Military Tribunal for the Far East arrived to-day from the New Zealand and Australian Tribunals, members who have been here since February 5.

The latest arrival are the Hon. Mr. Justice John P. Higgins, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of New Zealand, and Hon. Mr. Justice E. Stuart McDougall, of the Court of King's Bench in Montreal and Quebec, representing Canada, and Professor Bernard V. Roling, Judge in the Utrecht Court, representing the Netherlands. Associated Press.

SHOWING **QUEENS** At 2.30, 5.15, 7.15, 9.15 p.m.
TO-DAY

JUNIOR MISS: The emergence of a girl-child into grown up problem: pronounced "TROUBLE" SOMETHING NEW! THIS MODERN AGE! JUST ARRIVED! 1945 PRODUCTION!

PEGGY ANN GARNER **JUNIOR MISS**
20 CENTURY FOX PICTURE
with FAYE MARLOWE and MICHAEL DUNNE
SEE THE MUCH DISCUSSED "BOBBY SOCKERS" AND TEEN-AGE YOUNGSTERS OF THE PRESENT DAYS ALSO LATEST FOX MOVIE TONE NEWS.

HURRY! HURRY!! Last Days! Last Days!
To See M. G. M.'s
Record-breaking Technicolor Hit
of the Season.....
"BATHING BEAUTY"
Starring ESTHER WILLIAMS, RED SKELTON
AT THE **KING'S THEATRE**
DAILY AT 2.30; 5.10; 7.15 AND 9.15 P.M.

ALHAMBRA & CENTRAL
DAILY AT 2.30, 5.00, 7.00 & 9.00 P.M. DAILY AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.15 & 9.15 P.M.

"A MEDAL FOR BENNY"
Paramount Hit Starring
Dorothy LAMOUR • Arturo de CORDOVA
with J. CARROLL NAISH • Mikhail RASUMY • Frank McLELLAN
From a story by JOHN STEINBECK and Jack Wagner

MAJESTIC
To-Day Only
At 2.30, 5.00, 7.00 & 9.00 p.m.
Don't Miss this Miss in her first gladness: hit! She's sweet fifteen and star-bund for sure!
GLORIA WARREN in
"ALWAYS IN MY HEART"
A New Warner Bros. Hit Starring
Key Francis • Walter Huston
TO-MORROW
WALLACE BEERY in
"BAD MAN"

ORIENTAL
4 SHOWS: 2.30-5.15-7.15-9.15
FINAL SHOWING TO-DAY
The World's Funniest Stars in
Universal's Comedy Hit of the Season
"IN SOCIETY"
A Fine Show with a laugh a minute!

LEE THEATRE
Showing To-day
At 2.30, 5.15, 7.15 & 9.15 P.M.
It's The Richest Feast of
Laughs in Years And Years!
This time for you a TANGLE
when the kitchen
helps... the COOK!
My Kingdom for a Cook
CHARLES COBURN
with LILLY LING • LEO GABRIEL • LILLY LING
and LILLY LING • LEO GABRIEL • LILLY LING

CATHAY
To-Day & To-Morrow
4 Shows Daily at 2.30, 5.15, 7.15, 9.15
A Thrilling Story of
Manchurian Warfare
"THE GENERAL DIED AT DAWN"
Starring
GARY COOPER
MADEIRA CARROLL
A Paramount Picture

HALIFAX ON BRITISH POLICY

New York, March 3. The British Ambassador, Lord Halifax, in a statement in the Foreign Policy Association publication, said British policy in India "aims at complete control by the Indians of their own destiny under a constitution of their own devising, as a union if possible and within the British Commonwealth if they so desire."

Lord Halifax declared that Indian self-government "is possible only if responsibility proceeds directly into the hands of an Indian government accepted by those whom it aspires to rule, and able to weld together the framework of the state while the new machine is being run in."

Declaring that "we may have to wait some time before we see India's constitution finally established," Lord Halifax said:

"A guardian's duty ends when his ward has come of age and the trustee has a final duty to see that the trust is wound up in accordance with the ward's best interests."

"India's best interests demand that complete transfer of responsibility from British to Indian hands should be made in good order if that is humanly possible."

"We may have to wait some time before we see India's new constitution finally established."

Associated Press.

PRICE INCREASES

Washington, March 3. The office of Price Administration announces price increases ranging from \$2 to \$12 per ton for all basic steel products. O.P.A. said that the new price schedule met the terms of Government's February 16 directive which authorized the average price increase of \$5 per ton for the total output of basic carbon and alloy steel products.

Higher prices are granted to offset wage increases of eighteen and one-half cents per hour in the Steel Industry. O.P.A. stated that the price adjustments meant an increase of 8.2 per cent in the average price of all steel, with

Soviets Have Firm Hold On Dairen

(By Richard Cushing)

DAIREN, MARCH 3. MANCHURIA'S PORT CITY OF DAIREN, OCCUPIED BY RED ARMY TROOPS, IS CONSIDERED BY THE SOVIETS AS THEIR OWN PROPERTY FOR THE MOMENT. ALL INDICATIONS SHOW THAT THEY INTEND TO STAY IN THE CITY. FULL-DRY ARMY MANOEUVRES ARE BEING HELD OVER EXTENSIVE AREAS NORTH OF DAIREN. DAIREN CIVILIANS FEEL STRONGLY THAT WHILE THE REDS MAY LEAVE OTHER PARTS OF MANCHURIA IN RETURN FOR ECONOMIC CONCESSIONS THEY WILL NOT EVACUATE DAIREN AT ANY PRICE.

The Russians have built tremendous military strength 30 miles from the big naval base at Port Arthur and it is clearly seen they are taking a strong hold here.

The official Soviet secret police are keeping foreigners under close surveillance.

I have been informed reliably that huge quantities of industrial machinery have been taken from Manchurian factories and shipped to Vladivostok. Further, 80 per cent of equipment of the Anshan Steel Works between Dairen and Mukden was put aboard 30 freighters which sailed for Vladivostok in a convoy.

(The American Broadcasting Company correspondent Frederick Oppen in a Tientsin broadcast monitored in San Francisco said that 20 of the 30 ships were Liberty ships lent-leased to Russia by the United States).

MILITARY MOVES

Staff Sergeant Dick Wilkins of the army newspaper "Stars and Stripes" and Associated Press photographer Julian Wilson and I rode into Dairen on a Soviet truck yesterday.

Mile after mile we saw Red forces in military manoeuvres. They employed tanks, mortars and anti-aircraft guns. American lend-lease tanks were in evidence. We saw fully-equipped soldiers crawling across fields on their bellies.

Rows of surprisingly big anti-aircraft batteries were being placed at strategic sites. Some Soviet planes are based three miles from Dairen on one of the largest fields in Asia built by the Japanese.

The Reds have their own interpretation of the Soviet treaty

FRANCO SPEECH

Communist-Inspired Libels

Against Spain Unstable Bridge To Chaos

U.S. RELEASED

Tokyo, Mar. 3. Admiral Y. Yoshitake Ueda has been released from prison. He was one of the 30 taken into custody on General MacArthur's September 11 order. Colonel S. I. T. Crewell, General MacArthur's chief counter-intelligence officer, said that Ueda was freed "because investigations reveal that his activities were of little significance, that he was merely a pawn in the game of other Japanese politicians."

Reuter.

Confused Picture In Belgium

Brussels, March 3. Belgium's political picture became confused yesterday when the Liberal Party, which supported the pre-election coalition government, announced it would not take part in a Government with Communists and Socialists under the leadership of Paul Henri Spaak.

Spaak, who was Foreign Minister in the Van Acker Cabinet, was invited two days ago by the Prince Regent to investigate the possibility of forming a Government.

The decision of the Liberal Party, which followed three-hour meetings of the "middle of the road" party members, caught Spaak completely by surprise.

Spaak had said he hoped to form a coalition similar to the Van Acker Government. Associated Press.

The new average price at \$65.92 per ton. Associated Press.

MADRID, MARCH 3. GENERAL FRANCISCO FRANCO'S GOVERNMENT, IN A STATEMENT DENOUNCING "FOREIGN ATTEMPTS" TO UPSET THE INTERNAL REGIME OF SPAIN, DECLARED CATEGORICALLY TODAY THAT "SPAIN WOULD DEFEND HER INTERNAL PEACE AT ALL COSTS."

GENERAL FRANCO'S NOTE, ISSUED AFTER AN EIGHT-HOUR CABINET MEETING, DESCRIBED FRANCE'S ACTION IN CLOSING HER 300-MILE FRONTIER WITH SPAIN AS "WITHOUT EXPLANATION, FOUNDATION OR CAUSE" AND ACCUSED THE FRENCH GOVERNMENT OF "ANTI-SPANISH ACTIONS."

It made distinction between the "French people and the actions of the Communist convention who are following foreign orders."

A second Spanish communiqué denounced the "Communist inspired campaign of libel against Spain under the appearance of false humanitarianism."

"Spain knows how powerful political solutions suggested from abroad are unstable bridges toward bloody Communist chaos," it said.

"Having experienced it once, Spain is certainly not willing to fall back to anarchy and will at all costs defend her internal peace."

TROOPS MARCHED. Reuter despatches from world capitals this afternoon gave this picture of the Spanish situation:

Paris—the newspaper "Le Soir" reported that 200,000 Spanish troops, including Moroccan, were massed on the French border.

Moscow—Pravda, official organ of the Communist Party, alleged that General Franco was using "brutal terror" in trying to solve his internal problems.

New York—The "New York Times" in a dispatch from Washington quoted Congressional circles for reports that the United States Army and State Departments were informally exploring means by which the United States could help to supply France with planes in the event of an armed conflict between France and Spain. Reuter.

REPORT DENIED

Washington, Mar. 3. The State Department today flatly denied the report published in the "New York Times" from Washington that preliminary talks were going on between the State Department and the War Department on the means they might take to supply France with warplanes for use in case of an armed conflict between France and Franco Spain. Reuter.

FRANCO DESERTERS

Paris, Mar. 3. Three deserters from General Franco's Army crossed the frontier near Pau during the night and gave themselves up to the French police.

One of them told the French military authorities that he had fought with the resistance forces in France during the occupation.

After liberation he returned to Spain where he was interned for ten months before he joined the Spanish Army. Reuter.

COMMUNISTS

Madrid, March 3. The Franco Government said that "the Communist Convention, obeying Foreign watchwords" was responsible for Franco's action in closing the Spanish border.

In the declaration, the Cabinet said the Spanish Government had "incorruptly resolved and dedicated to maintain order with all firmness and to guarantee National Security, conscious of international law in this way, the unanimous sentiment of all Spaniards."

"At the same time it makes a move to appeal to the consciousness of the whole world, against the unprecedented campaign by means of which an attempt is being made by the worst methods to pull down into disorder and chaos a country in peace and order and which has committed with the international duties as no other country has."

In the statement, the Cabinet declared "Communist" agents traitors against the form of protest against recent executions of 10 Spaniards and that they sought to glorify "civil and common criminals as martyrs of a political idea." Associated Press.

Attraction

Cairo, March 3. Princess Fawzia, sister of King Farouk of Egypt, ventured into the worst snowstorm in Paris history yesterday to attend two style shows.

"Without doubt she never saw so much snow in her life," commented the newspaper "Soir." The newspaper added that spectators at the show divided their attention between the latest spring creations and the handsome Egyptian girl who was clad in an attractive outfit. Associated Press.

Americans, Japanese Fraternize

Tokyo, March 3. The newspaper "Stars and Stripes" today published a front-page picture of a large American and a Japanese girl hanging at equal heights—despite the fact that no formal peace treaty has been concluded—as part of the decorations for the organization of the dinner of the American University Club.

The paper said that about 200 American and Japanese graduates of American universities, including Harvard, Yale, Princeton and Cornell, gathered for the session. It was held on Friday night.

The picture, captioned "Proper Protocol?" showed the American flag at the left and the Rising Sun on the right at one end of the dining room.

The shot included two tables of American officers and G-1s and several Japanese.

The paper pointed out that neither the President nor Congress have declared an official end of the war. The paper quoted Captain Walter Pophan, of the Civil Information and Education section as saying "The University Club will be an association where both American and Japanese can meet above level of fraternization."

The paper said that Pophan was a former Cornell and Harvard graduate. Associated Press.

to spend a 90-day leave before being discharged. Associated Press.

"YES, WE HAVE --"

Springfield, Ill., Mar. 3. Signs in a Springfield grocery window alongside a fast-dwindling stack of bananas: "We expect people to buy other things besides bananas." Associated Press.

OLD FRIENDS MEET

Kansas City, Mar. 3. Buck Sgt. Nathan Pruitt, a 58-year-old Negro with erect carriage and a background of more than 30 years in the regular army, was hurrying through the Union Station here when behind him came a gruff shout:

"Pruitt!"

After a moment's puzzlement the sergeant exclaimed: "Why, General Lear," and it was the former deputy commander of ground forces in the European Theatre, Lt. Gen. Ben Lear.

The General and the Sergeant swapped yarns of two decades ago when Lear was stationed at Fort Leavenworth, Kas., and Pruitt was on his staff—as a stable boy.

Pruitt was en route to his home

Soviet Pressure On Berlin Democrats

LONDON, MARCH 3. CHARGES THAT A FUSION OF COMMUNISTS AND SOCIAL DEMOCRATS IN EASTERN GERMANY IS BEING FORCED THROUGH UNDER PRESSURE FROM THE RUSSIAN OCCUPATION AUTHORITIES, RAISED PUBLICLY AT A MEETING OF BERLIN SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC OFFICIALS BY OPONENTS OF THE FUSION, ARE SUBSTANTIATED BY REPORTS RECEIVED FROM THE HANNOVER HEADQUARTERS OF THE SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY FOR WESTERN GERMANY.

These reports have been collected from Social Democrat officials, editors and Party secretaries, who have recently left the Soviet Zone because this appeared to them as the only way to avoid any consequences of their disaffiliation to support the fusion against their real convictions.

Charges in these reports fall under three headings—the active role played by Russian officers in preparing the fusion in the provinces; handling of Soviet press control and arrests of Social Democrats, who have not proved sufficiently pliable.

The reports claim that up to the middle of February no internal Social-Democrat meetings on the fusion issue had taken place in the entire provinces. Resolutions in favour of the fusion published by the Berlin radio, they say, were all passed at "joint public meetings" called on the initiative of the Communists, where the latter are well organized, as in Saxony, or directly by Russian officers, where the Communists are weak as in Mecklenburg and parts of Brandenburg.

Russian officers in Mecklenburg Party secretaries in friendly conversations, that "they had to bring about a fusion by May 1," as this was regarded as the condition of long-term security by the Soviet Government.

In another instance Russian press officers told newspaper editors in detail what they had to print and how. Often they freely stated that they belonged to the Soviet Commissariat of the Interior, which is in charge of the political police, and they made a rule of warning the newspaper being made up, every night until it went to press. Reuter.

INDONESIA NOW AT CROSS ROADS

BATAVIA, MARCH 3. THE YOUNG "REPUBLIC" OF INDONESIA STANDS TO-NIGHT AT POLITICAL CROSS ROADS. AFTER TWO AND A HALF MONTHS OF POWER, THE 36-YEAR-OLD "PRIME MINISTER" DR. SUTAN SAJAHIR, HAS RESIGNED AND THE OFFICIAL RESPONSE TO THE DUTCH CONSTITUTIONAL PROPOSALS PRESENTED NEARLY THREE WEEKS AGO APPEARS TO BE AS UNDECIDED AS EVER.

Dr. Sjahir's surprise resignation took place at Soerakarta, in central Java, where he has gone earlier in the week to discuss the Dutch proposals with the Nationalist leaders and to consider the claims from Communist and youth organisations for representation on the Cabinet.

The general opinion at present appears to favour the view that Dr. Sjahir's decision is basically intended to enable the cabinet to be reformed and that he will resign his post as premier provided that he has full freedom to choose his new Cabinet colleagues and select delegates with a high degree of immediate authority to conduct negotiations with the Dutch.

DECISIVE VOTE

According to Dutch sources, Dr. Sjahir resigned after the Central Committee of the In-

UTILITY LOVENEST THESE DAYS

(By Denise Daltruff)

LONDON, MAR. 3. PITY THE POOR NEWLYWEDS OF BRITAIN. FURNISHING THEIR FIRST HOME — IF THEY CAN FIND ONE — PROVIDES LITTLE FUN AND EXCITEMENT. IT IS ALL HARD WORK, GETTING PERMITS TO BUY AND THEN TRAMPING FROM SHOP TO SHOP IN SEARCH OF BARE NECESSITIES.

To decorate their flat they may spend £10 without a licence. If the job will cost more than that, they must apply to the borough council which sends around an inspector to see whether the additional amount is justified. That settled, there is the problem of finding a decorator; and even the choice of colours is limited.

New furniture, except for the utility type, is not being made or imported into Britain. Used furniture, unless it is antique, is price-controlled but the price is high. A dining room suite may cost £200, a bedroom suite from £150 up and two armchairs and a settee about £150.

Utility furniture conforms with wartime necessity, for economy in materials and labour and no one recommends it for long or hard wear. The style is simple and the range of design small. The idea is to produce necessary articles at a reasonable price and there is no purchase tax. But the wood used is poorly seasoned and likely to warp.

MUST HAVE PERMIT

Utility furniture can only be purchased with Board of Trade permission and a couple starting their first home are allowed 66 "units." Thirty can be used immediately, but the other 36 must be kept until some unspecified future date when the board says they may be used.

It takes 12 units to buy a wardrobe, eight for a dressing table, eight for a tallboy, and one each for two chairs. The cost is approximately £42 and delivery takes three months.

'Apart from permission to buy utility furniture, each couple gets "priority" tickets for one mattress, two blankets and three sheets. The permits only give priority on available stocks. If the shops have the goods the blankets will be the grey or brown army type, and linen sheets if obtainable — cost seven guineas a pair.

They may also buy 15 square yards of curtain material, usually enough for one room. Coupon-free messian must provide curtains for other rooms unless personal clothing coupons can be spared for some other material.

For the floor they receive priority for 20 square yards of linoleum or felt. Towels and tea cloths have to be bought with personal clothing coupons. Associated Press.

INFANTILE PARALYSIS IN AUSTRALIA

Minneapolis, Mar. 3. Associate of Sister Elizabeth Kenny said that the Australian nurse will leave here on March 12 for Australia to help combat infantile paralysis. An epidemic of this disease has occurred there and she will probably not return to the United States until August. She plans to leave San Francisco by Air Transport on March 10. Associated Press.

U.S. Expected To Protest

Washington, March 3. Responsible diplomatic quarters here are confidently predicting a strong United States protest against the Russian decision to maintain troops in Persia.

It is understood that the support of the United States can be expected for any British initiative in bringing the Persian problem before the United Nations Security Council, which is to meet in New York on March 21.

It is thought that the two governments are not likely to wait as long as that before outlining publicly on record their view of the Soviet action. Reuter.

"TIMES" COMMENT. London, Mar. 3. The London "Times" said today that Russian failure to withdraw her troops from Iran constituted the "most serious crisis since the war." The "Times" said that the Iranian controversy will probably be brought before the U.N.O. Security Council on March 21. Associated Press.

REACTION IN TEHRAN. Teheran, Mar. 3. The Soviet announcement of Russia's intention to retain troops in Iran has not had a very favourable reception here. In many Iranian circles it has given rise to the view that the Premier's mission to Moscow has ended in failure, and a number of prominent Iranians are considering the possibility of again presenting the Iranian case to the United Nations Organisation.

Prince Firouz, Chief of Propaganda, however, stressed his optimism concerning the future of Soviet-Iranian relations and spoke of "friendly Russian attitude to Iran." Reuter.

RADIO

MONDAY, MARCH 4th, 1946. STUDIO — TALK BY ANTHONY O'BRYAN — "DO YOU KNOW A.B. BROWN?"

EDW HONGKONG broadcasting on a frequency of 640 Kilocycles and from 12.30 to 1.30 p.m., 6.30 to 7.30 p.m. and 9.00 to 11.00 p.m. also on 9.52 Megacycles.

EL K. T. 12.30 p.m.—Daily Programmes Summary.

12.32 p.m.—Roy Fox and His Orchestra.

1.00 p.m.—News and Announcements.

1.10 p.m.—Rawles and Landauer on Two Places.

1.30 p.m.—New Mayfair Dance Orchestra.

2.00 p.m.—Close Down.

6.30 p.m.—Favallat Selections.

6.45 p.m.—Oscar Rabin and His Romy's Band.

7.00 p.m.—London Relay—News.

7.10 p.m.—"Services Music Box"—EN A.

7.30 p.m.—Studio—Radio Rhythm Club—presented by Ron Crooks and Syd Lobb.

8.00 p.m.—Eddie Carroll and His Music.

8.15 p.m.—Studio—Talk by Anthony O'Bryan—"Do You Know A.B. Brown?"

8.30 p.m.—Variety Programme.

9.00 p.m.—London Relay—News.

9.05 p.m.—Pace of the hour.

9.08 p.m.—Louis Levy and His Gaumont British Symphony Orchestra.

9.50 p.m.—Max Miller in the Theatre.

10.15 p.m.—Light Orchestra Interlude.

10.30 p.m.—A programme of Light Popular Classics.

11.00 p.m.—Close Down.

Programmes marked ENA are recorded specially for Services Entertainment by the Department of National Services Entertainment.

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